National Curriculum	FOUNDATION STAGE Designers can:	YEAR ONE Designers can:	
TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE Build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable. Explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products.	 Three <i>characteristics of effective teaching and learning</i> are: playing and exploring - children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go' active learning - children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter. difficulties, and enjoy achievements creating and thinking critically - children have and develop their own ideas, make links between ideas, and develop strategies for doing things. 	Know how a mechanical system creates movement using a slider.	Know how movement Know how more stab
DESIGNING Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria Design, generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology.	Begin to use the language of designing and making, e.g. join, build and shape. Learn about planning and adapting initial ideas to make them better.	Use own ideas to design something purposeful, functional and appealing based on a given criteria. Make a simple plan before making and communicate their ideas through talk, drawing and where appropriate mock-ups and templates (textiles). Application Food and Nutrition- Design a menu for an afternoon tea party. Mechanisms- Design a product which uses a slider to create movement. Textiles- Design a textiles headdress.	Design a p on a given Create a si Explain wh Applicatio Food and I from arou Mechanism Freestand
MAKING Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing]. Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics.	To learn to construct with a purpose in mind. Select tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials. Explore/use construction kits to build basic structures. Develop appropriate holding of equipment.	 Begin to make their design with help to cut and shape materials including card and fabric. Begin to cut materials safely using scissors and knives with support. Explore using temporary joining techniques including glue and masking tape. Begin to use finishing techniques to improve the appearance of their product, such as adding a simple decoration. Application- Food and Nutrition- Make sandwiches and party food for an afternoon tea party. Mechanisms- Make a product which uses a slider to create movement. Textiles- Make a headdress using textiles. 	Make thei including of Cut materi punch and Show conf masking ta Begin to u product, s Applicatio Food and I around the Mechanism Freestand

YEAR TWO Designers can:

a product using a wheel and axle mechanism creates t.

r freestanding structures can be made stronger, stiffer and le by using card and tape.

product which has a clear purpose and intended user based n criteria.

imple design using annotated drawings (labels).

hat specific materials they have chosen for their product.

on-

Nutrition- Design a fruit salad as part of exploring foods and the world.

ms- Design a vehicle which uses a Wheels and Axles m.

ing Structure- Design a boat that floats.

r design with help to mark out, cut and shape materials card, plastic and dowel.

ials safely using scissors and knives. Demonstrate using a I saw with support.

fidence when demonstrating joining techniques using glue, ape and Velcro.

use finishing techniques to improve the appearance of their such as designing and decorating the exterior of their vehicle.

on-

Nutrition- Make a fruit salad as part of exploring foods from ne world.

ms- Make a vehicle using a Wheels and Axles mechanism.

ing Structure- Make a boat that floats.

Begin to talk about changes made during the making process, e.g. making a decision to use a different joining method.Say what they like and do not like about items they have made and attempt to say why.Begin to talk about their designs as they develop and identify good and bad points.	Explore existing products and designs to identify likes and dislikes. Say what they like and dislike about their product.	Explore ho suggest im Evaluate tl them sayir improved.
To begin to understand some of the tools, techniques and processes involved in food preparation. Children have basic hygiene awareness.	Know how to prepare simple dishes safely and hygienically, without using a heat source Afternoon Tea. Know that everyone should eat at least five portions of fruit and vegetables every day	Know that a Use technique Measure ingre
	plan, investigate, design, make, user, purpose, ideas, product, function, mechanism movement, slider, , draw, mark, cut, shape, materials, safety, join, finish, textile, evaluate, like, dislike, prepare, hygiene, fruit, vegetables, (names of food used).	planning, in design criter dowel, punc materials, cu improve, pla
	Begin to talk about changes made during the making process, e.g. making a decision to use a different joining method. Say what they like and do not like about items they have made and attempt to say why. Begin to talk about their designs as they develop and identify good and bad points. To begin to understand some of the tools, techniques and processes involved in food preparation. Children have basic hygiene awareness.	Begin to talk about changes made during the making process, e.g. making a decision Explore existing products and designs to identify likes and dislikes. Say what they like and do not like about items they have made and attempt to say Explore existing products and designs to identify likes and dislikes. Say what they like and do not like about items they have made and attempt to say Explore existing products and designs to identify likes and dislikes. Say what they like and do not like about items they have made and attempt to say Say what they like and dislike about their product. Say of the talk about their designs as they develop and identify good and bad points. Explore existing products and designs to identify likes and dislikes. To begin to understand some of the tools, techniques and processes involved in food Know how to prepare simple dishes safely and hygienically, without using a heat source Afternoon Tea. Children have basic hygiene awareness. Know that everyone should eat at least five portions of fruit and vegetables every day plan, investigate, design, make, user, purpose, ideas, product, function, mechanism movement, slider, , draw, mark, cut, shape, materials, safety, join, finish, textile, evaluate, like, dislike, prepare, hygiene, fruit, vegetables, (names of food used).

	YEAR THREE Designers can:	YEAR FOUR Designers can:	YEAR FIVE Designers can:
TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE Apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures Understand and use mechanical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages] understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors] Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products.	Know how to strengthen a frame structure by stiffening a given part and reinforcing a part of the structure using triangle supports. (bridges) Design and make a product using moving parts showing an understanding of how levers and linkages create movement. (toy/ pop-up book).	Know how to apply techniques to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce shell structures by laminating or corrugating card.	Apply techniques previously learnt to make a strong, stiff frame structure by using glue and triangulation (for a light box). Understand and use a mechanical system of pulleys in their product and know how it creates movement. Know how electrical systems can be incorporated into their products by using a series circuit and bulb.
DESIGNING	Know how to create a simple design criteria and discuss how their design meets this.	Use ideas from existing design products to create their own design criteria.	Create innovative designs that improve on existing products.
design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products	Create designs using annotated sketches and test using prototypes (bridges).	Create designs using annotated drawings and pattern pieces which include measurements to the nearest cm.	Design using cross-sectional and exploded diagrams including measurements to the nearest mm.
that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups		Model and communicate ideas through annotated sketches and pattern pieces when making a textile product.	Explain how a product will appeal to a specific audience by carrying out research using given questions and interview questions

w	existing p	roducts	have	been	created,	and	begin t	to
pro	ovements	to exist	ing de	esigns	i.			

their ideas and products against a design criteria given to ing what worked well and how their product could be

all food comes from plants or animals

ues such as cutting, peeling and grating. - Fruit salad.

edients using cups, jugs, spoons or a countable quantity.

nvestigating design, make, user, purpose, ideas, product,, eria, function, mechanism, movement, **wheel, axel, saw, ch, shanther, structure, stronger, stable, draw, annotate,** cut, shape, tear, fold, join, finish, decorate, evaluate, **lants, animals, cut, peel, grate, measure, quantity.**

VEAR SIX Designers can: Use and apply previous knowledge to improve their product by strengthening, stiffening or reinforcing the structure. To understand the mechanics of and make a product using a cam mechanism. Know how to create a product with a rotating part by incorporating an electrical system with a series circuit and a motor. Create innovative designs that improve on existing products using market research to inform their decisions. Generate and develop ideas through the use of prototypes (eg using knex to create fairground rides) and computer aided design

which include accurate measurements.

			1
Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated	Design a product and make sure that it looks attractive, is fit for purpose and meets the children's (class) design criteria.	Design a product and make sure that it looks attractive and is fit for purpose and meets the children's (individual) design criteria.	
sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes,	Application-	Application-	Application-
aided design	Food and Nutrition- Design a healthy lunch (pasta salad) linked to the 'eat well' plate.	Food and Nutrition- Design a soup.	Food and Nutrition- Design a pizza/flat bread (links to allotments).
	Mechanisms- Design a moving toy (pop-up book?) using a lever and linkage mechanism.	Shell Structures- Design a musical instrument which shapes, combines and joins materials effectively.	Mechanisms- Design a product which uses a pulleys.
	Framework Structures- Design a bridge which is strong enough to hold a weight (toy car?)	Textiles- Design an under the sea creature which joins textiles using basic sewing techniques.	Electrical systems- Design a light box around a wooden frame structure which uses a series circuit and bulb.
MAKING	Work efficiently to make products by selecting the most	Apply appropriate cutting and shaping techniques	Use a range of tools (saws) and equipment competently
Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks for	appropriate tools (scissors, split pins) and techniques (leavers and linkages) for the given task.	(joining strips that include cuts within the perimeter of the material (such as slots or cut outs).	
example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately	Safely measure, mark out, cut and shape with some accuracy using non-standard measurements (eg using the width of a ruler or lolly pop stick)	Accurately measure, mark out, cut and shape to the nearest cm.	Accurately measure, mark out, cut and shape to the nearest mm.
Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including	Assemble, join and combine materials and components with some accuracy by using tape, glue and string	Begin to select and use different and appropriate finishing techniques to improve the appearance of a product by attaching buttons or sequins and using fabric paints	Refine work and techniques as work progresses, continually evaluating the product design.
construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities	Choose a material for both its suitability and its appearance (cardboard, paper, art straws, lolly pop sticks)	Choose a material for both its suitability and its appearance (cardboard, fabric, elastic bands, string)	Choose a material for both its suitability and its appearance (wood, cardboard, paper, cellophane)
	Application-	Application-	Application-
	Food and Nutrition- Make and evaluate a healthy lunch (pasta salad) linked to the 'eat well' plate.	Food and Nutrition- Make a soup.	Food and Nutrition- Make a pizza/flat bread (links to allotments) and evaluate against own success criteria.
	Mechanisms- Make a moving toy (pop-up book?) using a lever and linkage mechanism.	Shell Structures- Make and evaluate a musical instrument which shapes, combines and joins materials effectively.	Mechanisms- Make a product which uses a pulleys and gears system. (* Linked to Space ILP).
	Framework Structures - Make and evaluate a bridge which is strong enough to hold a weight (toy car?).	Textiles- Make and evaluate an under the sea creature which joins textiles using a running stitch, and backstitch (GD).	Electrical systems - Make a light box (shell structure using a net?) which uses a series circuit and bulb.
	ridges-and-structures		
	https://www.stem.org.uk/resources/elibrary/resource/467665/ bridge-bonanza		

Justify how a product will appeal to a specific audience by carrying out research using their own questionnaires and web-based resources

Follow and refine original plans.

Application-

Food and Nutrition- Use market research to support the designing of a salsa product.

Mechanisms- Use Computer Aided Design to design a moveable toy with a CAM mechanism (Tinker CAD?)

Electrical Systems- Design a product (fairground ride/ vehicle)(frame structure) which uses a series circuit and motor to create movement.

https://www.tts-group.co.uk/blog/2018/12/07/ks2-merry-goround.html (example with instructions). Alternatively Rolls Royce moving vehicle project. Know which tool to use for a specific practical task

Make careful and precise measurements so that joins, holes and openings are in exactly the right place

Know how to use a range of tools including saws and hand drills correctly and safely Explain why a specific tool is best for a specific action

Choose a material for both its suitability and its appearance (wood, cardboard) and explain why this has been chosen by making reference to the products purpose.(fairground ride)

Application-

Food and Nutrition- Make a salsa, and evaluate against criteria established from market research.

Mechanisms- Use their Computer Aided Design to make a moveable toy using a CAM mechanism.

Electrical Systems- Make a fairground ride (frame structure) which uses a series circuit and motor to create movement.

EVALUATING Investigate and analyse a range of existing products evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work Understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world	Understand how key events and individuals in DT have helped shape the world – eg Horace Jones and George D Stevenson (architects and designers of Tower Bridge). http://www.historyofbridges.com/famous- bridges/list-of-famous-bridges/ (website has general overview of famous bridges and their designers- prompt for discussions around what makes them strong). Improve upon existing designs and give reasons for their choices. Know why a model has or has not been successful. Explain how to improve a finished model.	Understand how key events and individuals in DT have helped shape the world – Orville Gibson (founder and creator of Gibson guitars) Disassemble existing products to understand how they work. Evaluate products for both their purpose and appearance Evaluate and suggest improvements for their design.	Identify some of the great designers to generate ideas for designs and show an understanding of how key events and individuals in DT have helped shape the world- Thomas Edison Evaluate appearance and function against their own criteria. Evaluate product considering the views of others and use this to improve their work
FOOD AND NUTRITION Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques Understand seasonality and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed	Know that a healthy diet is made up from a variety and balance of different food and drink, as depicted in the 'eat well' plate. Understand that food is grown (such as tomatoes, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as pigs, chickens and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK and Europe. Use a range of techniques such as peeling, chopping, slicing and mixing to prepare dishes and assemble ingredients. (Healthy lunch- pasta salad). Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically using a hob (to boil pasta).	Use information on food labels to inform healthy choices Understand the difference between a savoury and sweet dish. Know that seasons may affect the food available Use a range of techniques such as peeling, Chopping, slicing and mixing to prepare dishes. (soup) Weigh ingredients using electronic scales. Follow a simple recipe (to make a soup)	Understand that different food and drink contain different substances – nutrients, water and fibre – that are needed for health Know how food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking. Understand the importance of correct storage and handling of ingredients. Explain and use a range of techniques such as peeling, chopping, slicing, grating, mixing, spreading, kneading and baking to prepare food (pizza) Measure ingredients to the nearest gram accurately using an analogue scale. (pizza dough) Prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically using an oven. (pizza/ flat bread)
KEY VOCABULARY	planning, investigating design, make, user, purpose, ideas, product, function, movement, lever , linkage , mechanism, draw, mark, cut, shape, materials, suitable, safety, join, finish, evaluate, framework structure , reinforce , triangle support , strengthen, sketch, annotate , prototype , tool, technique, measure , mark , shape, accurate), assemble , join, combine, improve, success, finish, ingredients, healthy, balanced, grow, rear, caught , peel, chop, slice, mix, assemble, prepare, cook, boil, hygiene .	planning, investigating design, make, user, purpose, ideas, product, function, draw, annotate mark, cut, shape, materials, suitable, safety, join, finish, evaluate, structure, reinforce, strengthen, sketch, model, communicate, pattern piece , textile, sew , running stitch , annotate, tool, technique, measure, mark, shape, accurate, centimetre (cm) , assemble, join, combine, disassemble , improve, success, finish, ingredients ,healthy, savoury, sweet, season , peel, chop, slice, mix, boil, weigh, scale, recipe .	planning, investigating design, make, user, purpose, ideas, product, function, movement, pulley, electricity, bulb, circuit , mark, cut, shape, materials, suitable, safety, join, finish, evaluate, structure, reinforce, strengthen, sketch, model, communicate, innovative, cross sectional drawing, explored diagram , audience, interview, question, tool, technique, measure, mark, shape, refine, accurate, millimetre (mm) , assemble, join, combine, disassemble, improve, success, finish, substance, nutrients, water, fibre, ingredients, processed, storage , peel, chop, slice, grate, mixing, spread, knead, bake , measure, weigh, gram , scale, savoury.

Understand how key events and individuals in DT have helped shape the world- Henry Ford (introduced electric cars into the mass market).
Know how to test and evaluate designed products
Evaluate product against clear criteria using market research and views of others to improve their product and make it more fit for purpose.
Use a range of techniques such as peeling, chopping, slicing and mixing to prepare dishes (salsa).
planning, investigating design, make, user, purpose, ideas, product, function, movement), CAM , electricity, motor , rotate , circuit, , mark, cut, shape, materials, suitable, safety, join, finish, evaluate, structure, reinforce, strengthen, apply, innovate, improve, market research, decision, generate, develop, prototype, Computer aided design (CAD), measure, accurate, justify, audience, questionnaire , market research , follow, refine, tool, precise, measure, appearance, test, evaluate, criteria, improve,
Peel, chop, slice, mix.